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Notations

As presented in [Petit et al., 2001] for the Z12-T, the calibration of a geodetic system is divided in (up to) 6 different parts (Figure 1)

- $X_p$  = Delay of the 1PPS-in with respect to the laboratory reference
- $X_o$  = Delay of the “internal reference” with respect to the 1PPS-in

$(X_p + X_o) = \text{REFDLY.}$

- $X_c$  = antenna cable delay

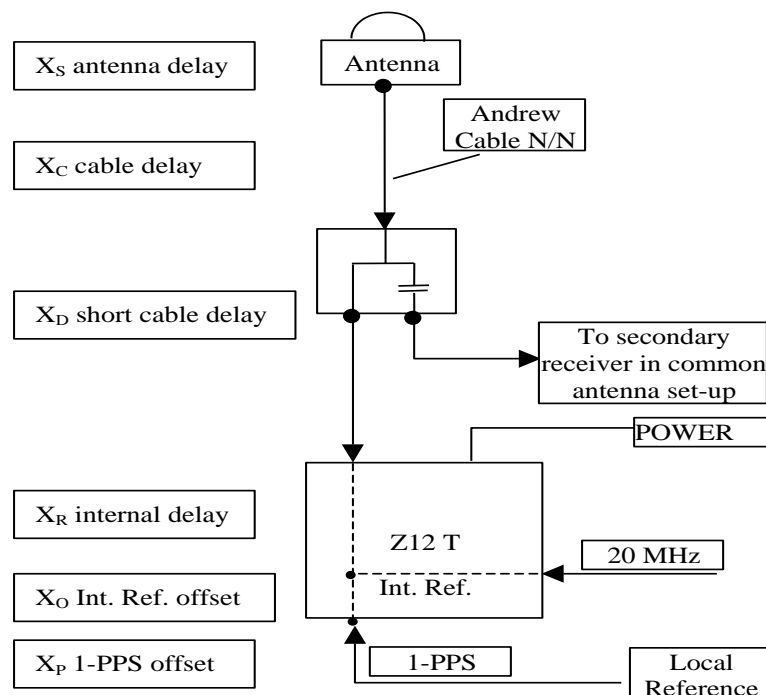
- $[X_D = \text{short cable} + \text{splitter delay}]$

$(X_c + X_D) = \text{CABDLY.}$  In practice,  $X_D$  is generally not used.

- $X_R$  = receiver internal delay, measured from the “internal reference”

- $X_S$  = antenna delay

$(X_R + X_S) = \text{INTDLY.}$



**Figure 1:** Definition of the different delays used in the most general set-up of a geodetic system (here shown for a Z12-T) from [Petit et al, 2001].

**3/ Phase 3**

Laboratories: BIPM, SU

**3.1/ BIPM (14240)**Period

MJD 56897 to 56902

Delays

All measurements at BIPM carried out by L. Tisserand.

Equipment used to measure internal delay of local receiver is a time interval counter (TIC), model SR620, maker Stanford Research Systems, s/n: 4680, with measurement uncertainty typically less than 0.5 ns (using external reference frequency as timebase).

## BP0R:

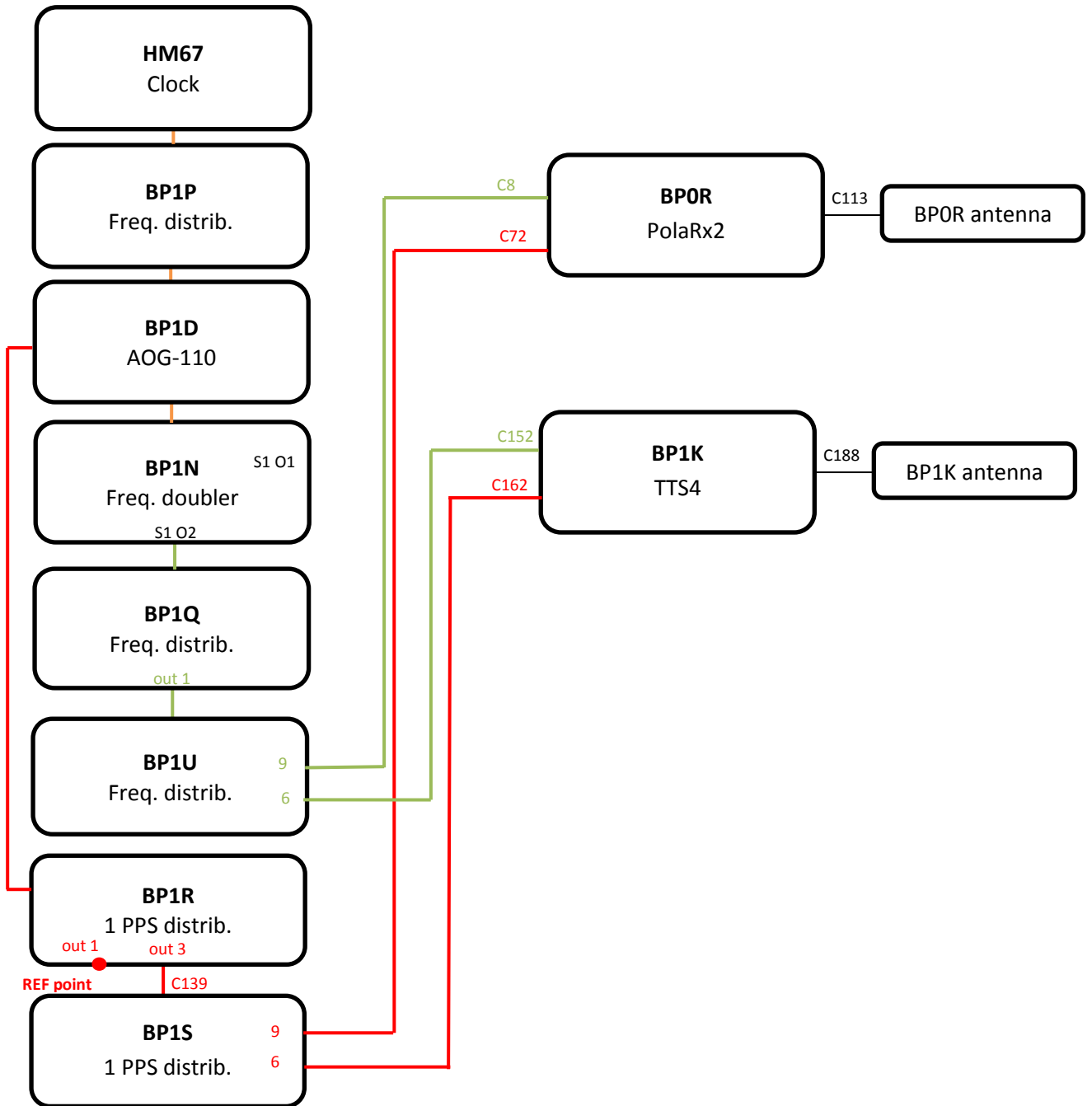
$$\begin{aligned}
 X_O &= 227.9 \text{ ns} && (267.9-48.7+8.7) \\
 X_P &= 42.7 \text{ ns} && (BP1R+C139+BP1S+C72) \\
 \text{REFDLY} &= 270.6 \text{ ns} \\
 \text{CABDLY} = X_C &= 133.4 \text{ ns} && (C113)
 \end{aligned}$$

## BP1K:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &10 \text{ MHz factory calibration} = 4.45 \text{ ns} \\
 &\text{User frequency to 1 PPS offset (or 1PPS-freq offs)} \\
 &\quad 1\text{PPS-freq offs} = 9.95 \text{ ns} \\
 &\quad 1\text{PPS-freq corr} = -2.55 \text{ ns} \\
 &\text{Total delay} = 45.15 \text{ ns}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 X_O &= -2.55 \text{ ns} \\
 X_P &= 47.7 \text{ ns} && (BP1R+C139+BP1S+C162) \\
 \text{REFDLY} &= 45.15 \text{ ns} \\
 \text{CABDLY} = X_C &= 142.01 \text{ ns} && (C188)
 \end{aligned}$$

Setup at the BIPM



BP1K-BP0R

## COMPUTATION OF BASELINE

Number of codes to fit baseline and biases = 101744  
 Computed code bias (P1/P2)/m = -8.170 -9.528  
 Computed baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.481 -0.261 1.347  
 RMS of residuals /m = 0.688

Number of phase differences to fit baseline = 100243  
 A priori baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.481 -0.261 1.347  
 17216 clock jitters computed out of 17216 intervals  
 AVE jitter /ps = 0.1 RMS jitter /ps = 5.6

Iter 1 Large residuals L1= 0  
 Iter 1 Large residuals L2= 5  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = 0.023 0.011 -0.059  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = 0.034 0.016 -0.032  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.005

Iter 2 Large residuals L1= 0  
 Iter 2 Large residuals L2= 5  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = 0.023 0.011 -0.059  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = 0.034 0.016 -0.032  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.005

Final baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.458 -0.250 1.288  
 Final baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.447 -0.245 1.315

## COMPUTATION OF CODE DIFFERENCES

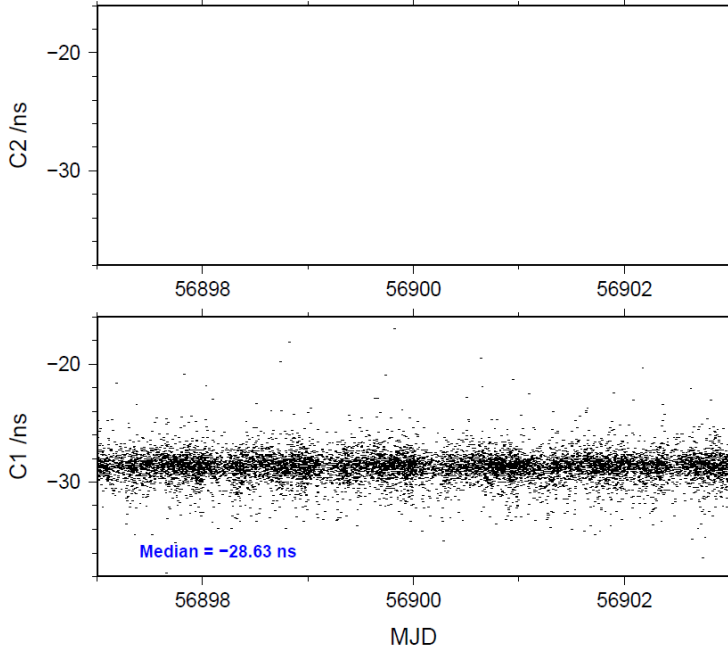
Number of code differences = 103834

Global average of individual differences

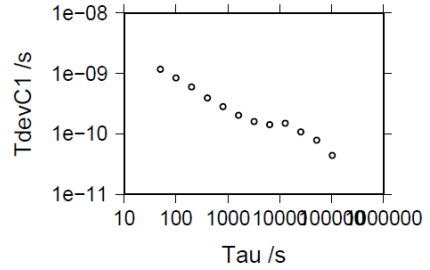
Code #pts, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 103694 -28.725 2.453  
 C2: 0-NaN -NaN  
 P1: 101442 -27.267 3.182  
 P2: 101370 -31.849 3.271

Number of 300s epochs in out file = 1726  
 Code #pts, median/ns, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 10325 -28.628 -28.695 1.182  
 C2: 0 0.000-NaN -NaN  
 P1: 10103 -27.181 -27.260 1.496  
 P2: 10093 -31.897 -31.847 1.592

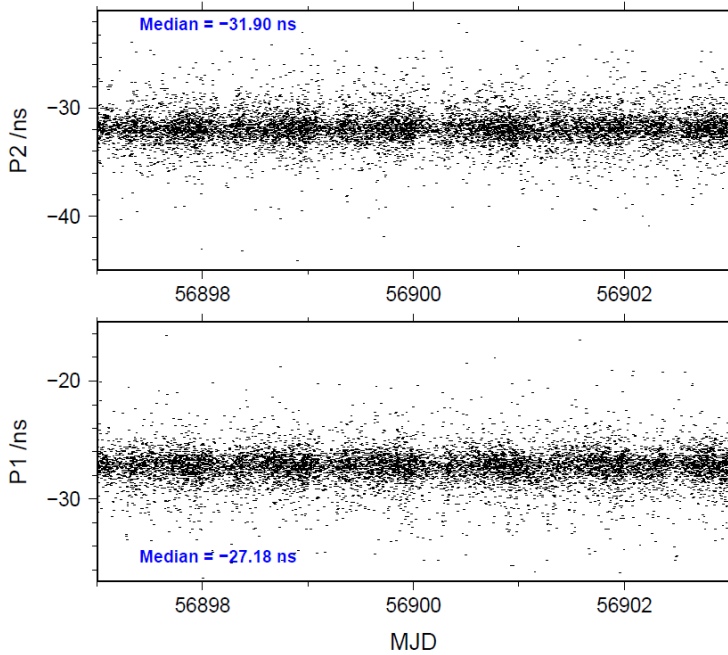
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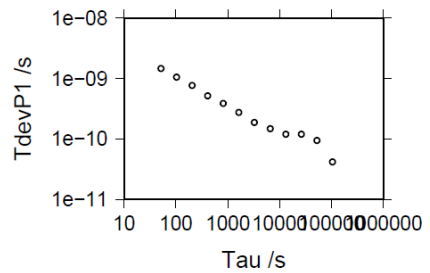
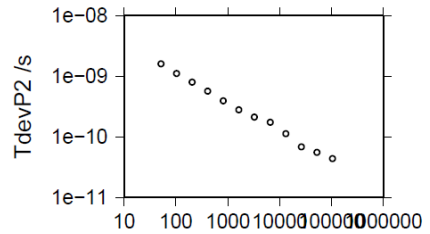
- 102777 s: C1= 44 ps
- 51388 s: C1= 79 ps
- 25694 s: C1= 108 ps
- 12847 s: C1= 150 ps
- 6424 s: C1= 143 ps
- 3212 s: C1= 160 ps
- 1606 s: C1= 203 ps
- 803 s: C1= 284 ps
- 401 s: C1= 393 ps
- 201 s: C1= 600 ps
- 100 s: C1= 837 ps
- 50 s: C1= 1164 ps



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- 105036 s: P1= 42 ps
- 52518 s: P1= 95 ps
- 26259 s: P1= 121 ps
- 13129 s: P1= 120 ps
- 6565 s: P1= 148 ps
- 3282 s: P1= 189 ps
- 1641 s: P1= 277 ps
- 821 s: P1= 387 ps
- 410 s: P1= 517 ps
- 205 s: P1= 773 ps
- 103 s: P1= 1050 ps
- 51 s: P1= 1466 ps
- 105140 s: P2= 44 ps
- 52570 s: P2= 56 ps
- 26285 s: P2= 68 ps
- 13142 s: P2= 112 ps
- 6571 s: P2= 175 ps
- 3286 s: P2= 213 ps
- 1643 s: P2= 279 ps
- 821 s: P2= 392 ps
- 411 s: P2= 564 ps
- 205 s: P2= 801 ps
- 103 s: P2= 1107 ps
- 51 s: P2= 1599 ps



### 3.2/ SU (15161)

#### Period

MJD 57183 to 57188

#### Delays

BP1K:

REFDLY = 201.70 ns

CABDLY =  $X_C$  = 142.01 ns

SU19:

REFDLY = 194.45 ns

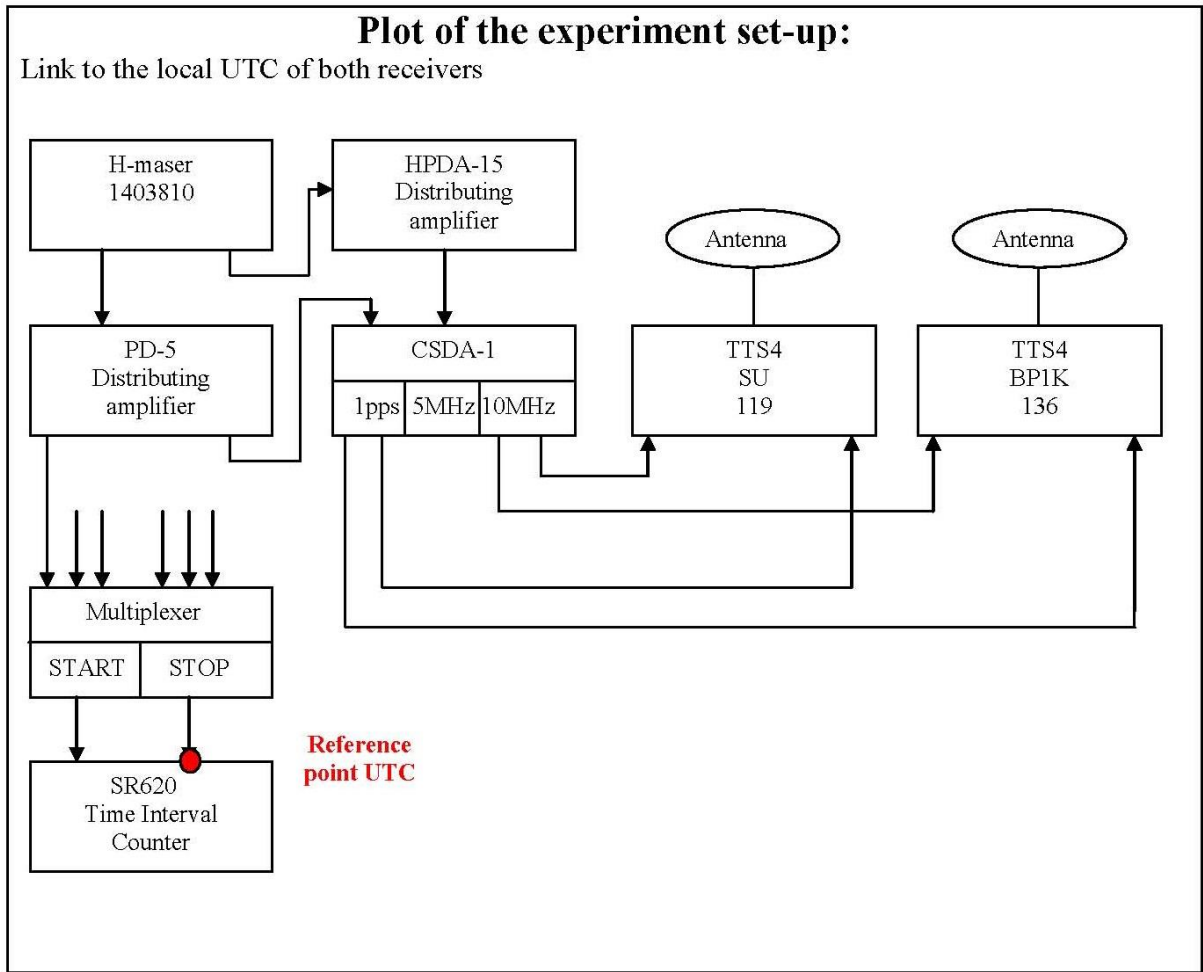
CABDLY = 48.17 ns

Setup at the SU

**BIPM calibration information sheet**

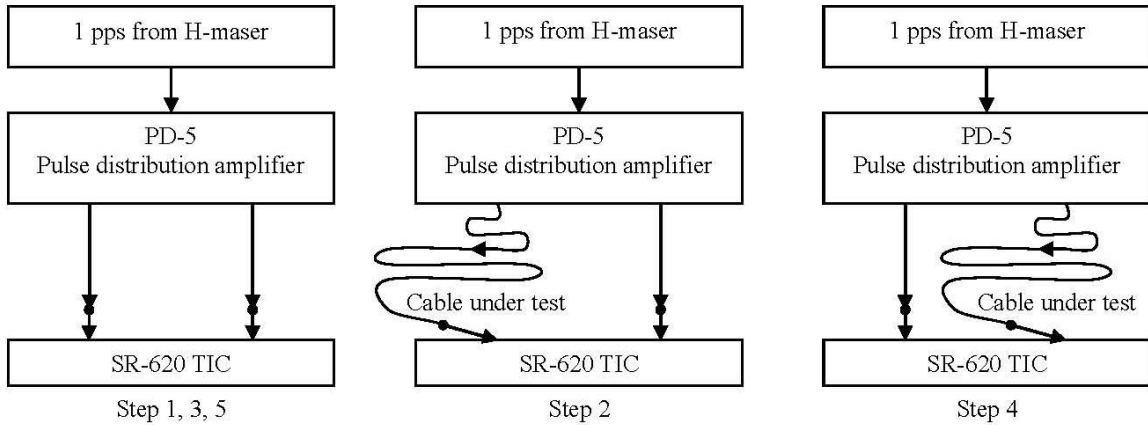
Laboratory:	SU	
Date and hour of the beginning of measurements:	09 June 2015 (57182 MJD 06 h UTC)	
Date and hour of the end of measurements:	15 June 2015 (57188 MJD 04 h UTC)	
<b>Receiver setup information</b>		
	<b>Local: SU119</b>	<b>Portable: BP1K</b>
• Maker:	PikTime Systems	PikTime Systems
• Type:	TTS-4	TTS-4
• Serial number:	119	136
• Receiver internal delay (GPS) :	-21.80 ns	-34.60
• Receiver internal delay (GLO) :	-24.00 ns	-242.17
• Antenna cable identification:	TTS4-119	TTS4-136
Corresponding cable delay :	48.17 ns	142.01 ns
• Delay to local UTC :	194.45 ns	201.70 ns
• Receiver trigger level:	0.5 V	0.5 V
• Coordinates reference frame:	ITRF	ITRF
Latitude or X m	+2845458.99m	+2845460.20 m
Longitude or Y m	+2160956.66m	+2160955.20 m
Height or Z m	+5265991.67m	+5265991.47 m
<b>Antenna information</b>		
	<b>Local:</b>	<b>Portable:</b>
• Maker:	Leica Geosystem AG	Javad
• Type:	AR25	Ring Ant G3T
• Serial number:	09330030	00526
If the antenna is temperature stabilised		
• Set temperature value :		
<b>Local antenna cable information</b>		
• Maker:	AOS	
• Type:	FSJ 1-50A	
• Is it a phase stabilised cable:	Yes	
• Length of cable outside the building :	5 m	
<b>General information</b>		
• Rise time of the local UTC pulse:	3.1 ns	
• <b>Is the laboratory air conditioned:</b>	Yes	
• Set temperature value and uncertainty :	19.7 °C ± 0.5 °C	
• Set humidity value and uncertainty :	61% ± 8%	
<b>Cable delay control</b>		
Cable identification	Delay measured by BIPM	Delay measured by local method
TTS4-136	142.01 ns	141.58±0.02 ns GPS L1C VNA 141.55±0.02 ns GLO L1C VNA





**Description of the local method of cable delay measurement:**

**1. 1 PPS signal method (1 PPS)**

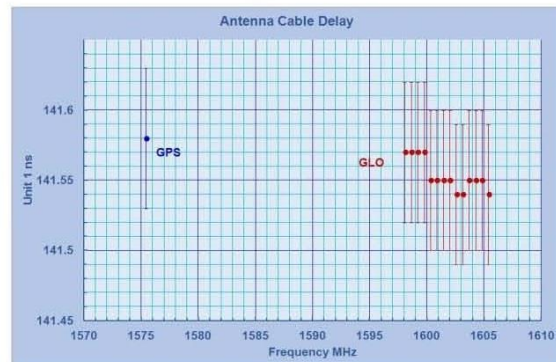
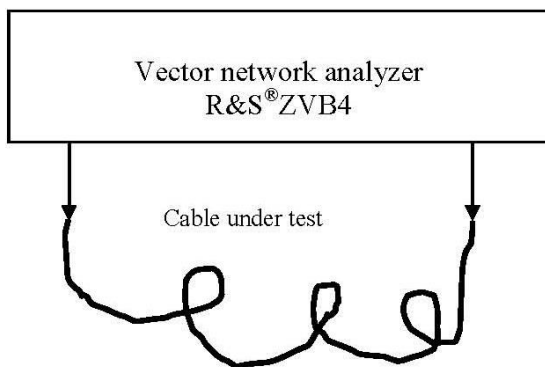


The method used to calibrate the cables is a double weight method in five steps as shown above. At each step (i) the TIC gives the result ( $R_i$ ) of 100 measurements. The test cable delay is then obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Delay} = \frac{R_2 - \left(\frac{R_1 + R_3}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{R_3 + R_5}{2}\right) - R_4}{2} + \text{corrections}$$

The corrections are estimated delay introduced by adaptors: -0,1 ns / adaptor

**2. Vector network analyzer method (VNA)**



BP1K-SU19

## COMPUTATION OF BASELINE

Number of codes to fit baseline and biases = 128751  
 Computed code bias (P1/P2)/m = 23.127 21.877  
 Computed baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.092 1.559 0.178  
 RMS of residuals /m = 0.690

Number of phase differences to fit baseline = 121772  
 A priori baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.092 1.559 0.178  
 14485 clock jitters computed out of 14485 intervals  
 AVE jitter /ps = 0.0 RMS jitter /ps = 5.3

Iter 1 Large residuals L1= 3  
 Iter 1 Large residuals L2= 3  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.099 -0.105 -0.026  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.096 -0.103 -0.028  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Iter 2 Large residuals L1= 3  
 Iter 2 Large residuals L2= 3  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.099 -0.105 -0.026  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.096 -0.103 -0.028  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Final baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.191 1.454 0.152  
 Final baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.188 1.456 0.150

## COMPUTATION OF CODE DIFFERENCES

Number of code differences = 129370

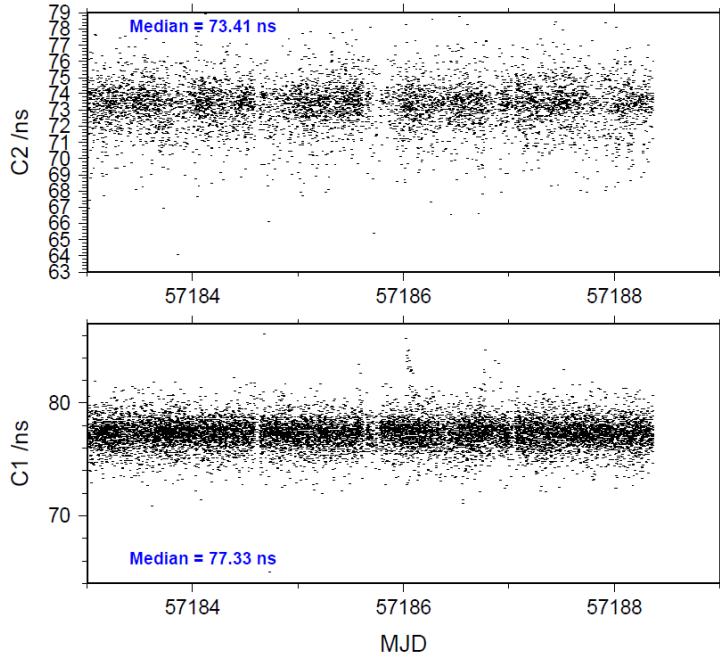
Global average of individual differences

Code #pts, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 128760 77.295 2.714  
 C2: 65755 73.304 2.875  
 P1: 128655 77.308 3.238  
 P2: 128609 73.138 3.457

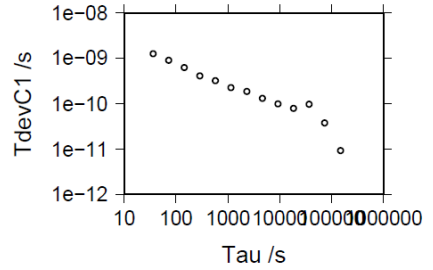
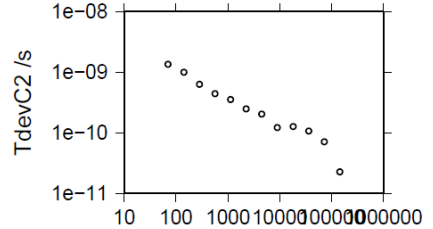
Number of 300s epochs in out file = 1522

Code #pts, median/ns, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 12833 77.334 77.303 1.261  
 C2: 6567 73.413 73.318 1.364  
 P1: 12826 77.356 77.305 1.457  
 P2: 12827 73.294 73.163 1.650

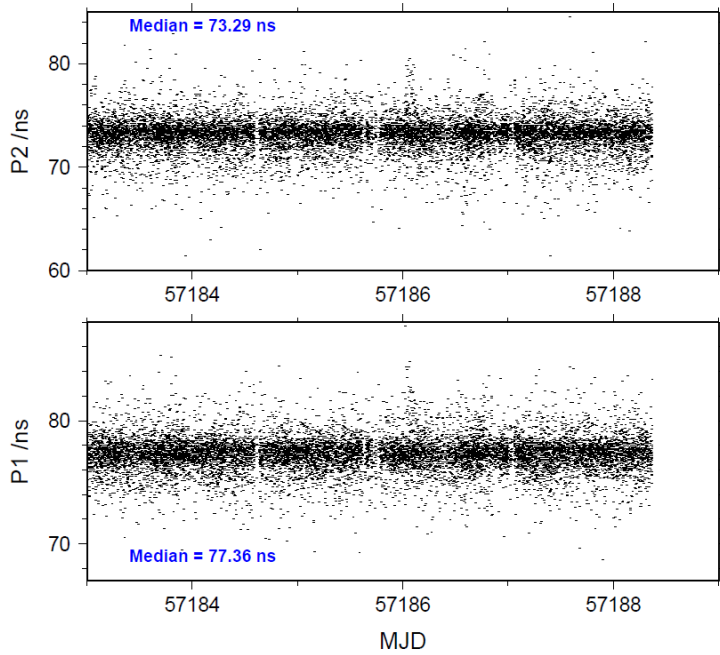
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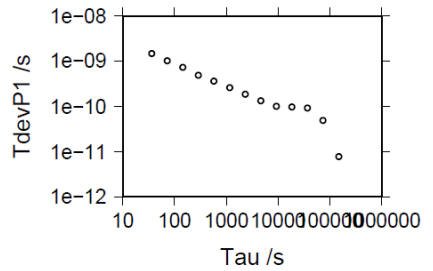
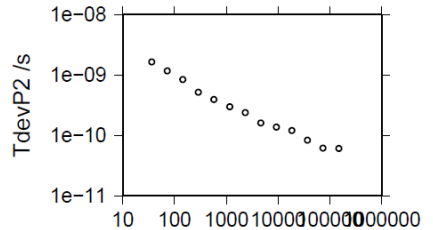
148046 s: C1= 9 ps      144664 s: C2= 23 ps  
 74023 s: C1= 38 ps      72332 s: C2= 71 ps  
 37011 s: C1= 97 ps      36166 s: C2= 107 ps  
 18506 s: C1= 79 ps      18083 s: C2= 126 ps  
 9253 s: C1= 98 ps      9041 s: C2= 122 ps  
 4626 s: C1= 131 ps      4521 s: C2= 204 ps  
 2313 s: C1= 187 ps      2260 s: C2= 249 ps  
 1157 s: C1= 225 ps      1130 s: C2= 354 ps  
 578 s: C1= 320 ps      565 s: C2= 444 ps  
 289 s: C1= 407 ps      283 s: C2= 628 ps  
 145 s: C1= 622 ps      141 s: C2= 1003 ps  
 72 s: C1= 901 ps      71 s: C2= 1361 ps  
 36 s: C1= 1259 ps



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148127 s: P1= 8 ps      148115 s: P2= 60 ps  
 74063 s: P1= 49 ps      74058 s: P2= 61 ps  
 37032 s: P1= 93 ps      37029 s: P2= 84 ps  
 18516 s: P1= 97 ps      18514 s: P2= 120 ps  
 9258 s: P1= 102 ps      9257 s: P2= 138 ps  
 4629 s: P1= 134 ps      4629 s: P2= 161 ps  
 2314 s: P1= 187 ps      2314 s: P2= 238 ps  
 1157 s: P1= 261 ps      1157 s: P2= 298 ps  
 579 s: P1= 362 ps      579 s: P2= 393 ps  
 289 s: P1= 488 ps      289 s: P2= 516 ps  
 145 s: P1= 728 ps      145 s: P2= 845 ps  
 72 s: P1= 1028 ps      72 s: P2= 1170 ps  
 36 s: P1= 1466 ps      36 s: P2= 1654 ps



### 3.3/ SU (15174)

#### Period

MJD 57196 to 57200

#### Delays

BP1K:

REFDLY = 201.40 ns

CABDLY =  $X_C$  = 141.57 ns

SU19:

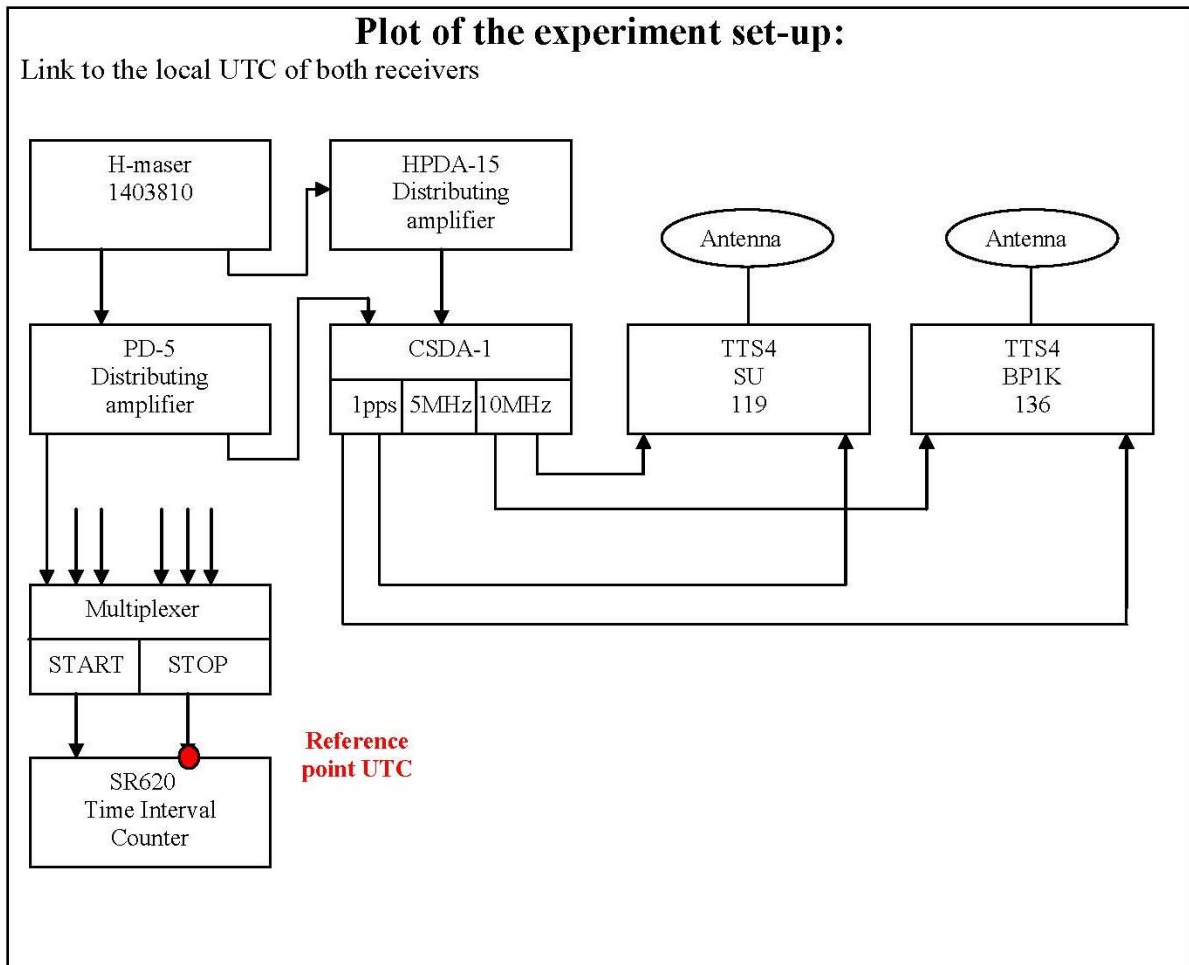
REFDLY = 194.45 ns

CABDLY = 48.17 ns

Setup at the SU

**BIPM calibration information sheet**

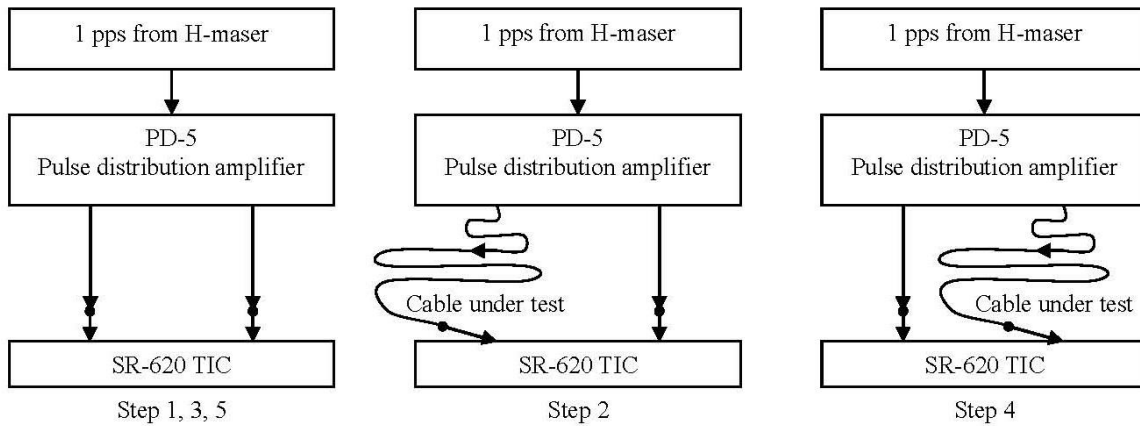
Laboratory:	SU	
Date and hour of the beginning of measurements:	23 June 2015 (57196 MJD 00 h UTC)	
Date and hour of the end of measurements:	28 June 2015 (57201 MJD 00 h UTC)	
<b>Receiver setup information</b>		
	<b>Local: SU119</b>	<b>Portable: BP1K</b>
• Maker:	PikTime Systems	PikTime Systems
• Type:	TTS-4	TTS-4
• Serial number:	119	136
• Receiver internal delay (GPS) :	-21.80 ns	-33.80
• Receiver internal delay (GLO) :	-24.00 ns	-38.58
• Antenna cable identification:	TTS4-119	TTS4-136
Corresponding cable delay :	48.17 ns	141.57 ns
• Delay to local UTC :	194.45 ns	201.70 ns
• Receiver trigger level:	0.5 V	0.5 V
• Coordinates reference frame:	ITRF	ITRF
Latitude or X m	+2845458.99m	+2845460.20 m
Longitude or Y m	+2160956.66m	+2160955.21 m
Height or Z m	+5265991.67m	+5265991.47 m
<b>Antenna information</b>		
	<b>Local:</b>	<b>Portable:</b>
• Maker:	Leica Geosystem AG	Javad
• Type:	AR25	Ring Ant G3T
• Serial number:	09330030	00526
If the antenna is temperature stabilised		
• Set temperature value :		
<b>Local antenna cable information</b>		
• Maker:	AOS	
• Type:	FSJ 1-50A	
• Is it a phase stabilised cable:	Yes	
• Length of cable outside the building :	5 m	
<b>General information</b>		
• Rise time of the local UTC pulse:	3.1 ns	
• Is the laboratory air conditioned:	Yes	
• Set temperature value and uncertainty :	19.7 °C ± 0.5 °C	
• Set humidity value and uncertainty :	61% ± 8%	
<b>Cable delay control</b>		
Cable identification	Delay measured by BIPM	Delay measured by local method
TTS4-136	142.01 ns	141.58±0.02 ns GPS L1C VNA 141.55±0.02 ns GLO L1C VNA





## Description of the local method of cable delay measurement:

### 1. 1 PPS signal method (1 PPS)



The method used to calibrate the cables is a double weight method in five steps as shown above.

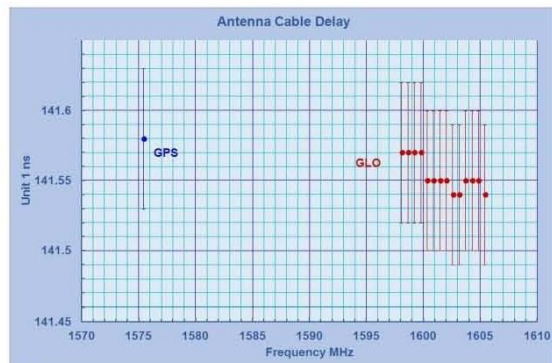
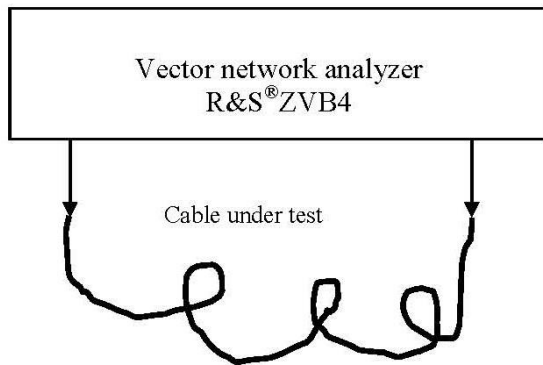
At each step (i) the TIC gives the result ( $R_i$ ) of 100 measurements.

The test cable delay is then obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Delay} = \frac{R_2 - \left(\frac{R_1 + R_3}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{R_3 + R_5}{2}\right) - R_4}{2} + \text{corrections}$$

The corrections are estimated delay introduced by adaptors: -0,1 ns / adaptor

### 2. Vector network analyzer method (VNA)





BP1K-SU19

## COMPUTATION OF BASELINE

Number of codes to fit baseline and biases = 101646  
 Computed code bias (P1/P2)/m = 23.047 21.807  
 Computed baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.073 1.565 0.230  
 RMS of residuals /m = 0.695

Number of phase differences to fit baseline = 97325  
 A priori baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.073 1.565 0.230  
 12828 clock jitters computed out of 12828 intervals  
 AVE jitter /ps = 0.0 RMS jitter /ps = 5.7

Iter 1 Large residuals L1= 2  
 Iter 1 Large residuals L2= 2  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.141 -0.107 -0.079  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.132 -0.106 -0.079  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Iter 2 Large residuals L1= 2  
 Iter 2 Large residuals L2= 2  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.141 -0.107 -0.079  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.132 -0.106 -0.079  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Final baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.214 1.458 0.151  
 Final baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.205 1.460 0.150

## COMPUTATION OF CODE DIFFERENCES

Number of code differences = 101713

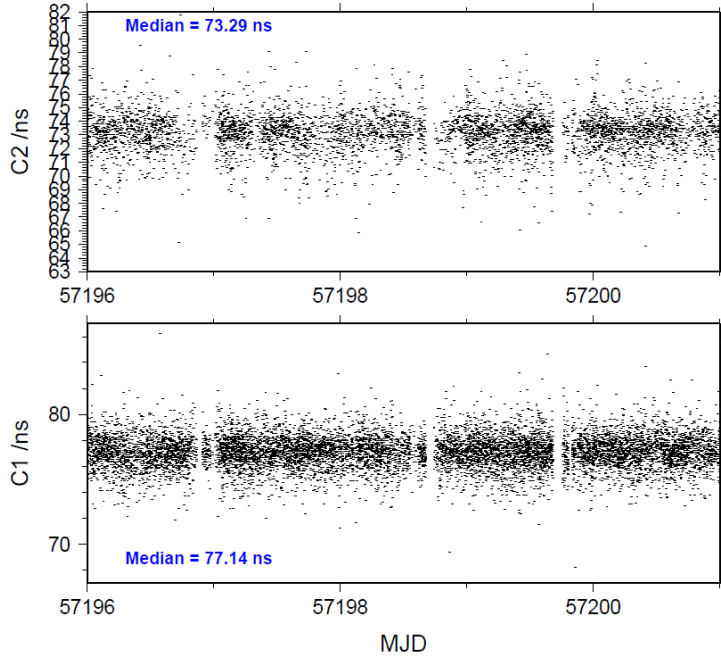
Global average of individual differences

Code #pts, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 101630 77.131 2.729  
 C2: 50184 73.198 2.935  
 P1: 101563 77.142 3.284  
 P2: 101522 73.000 3.522

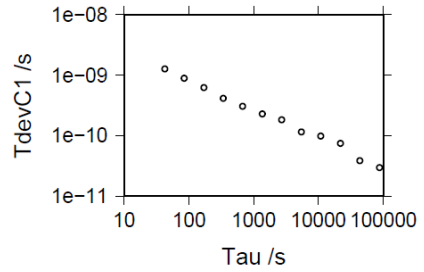
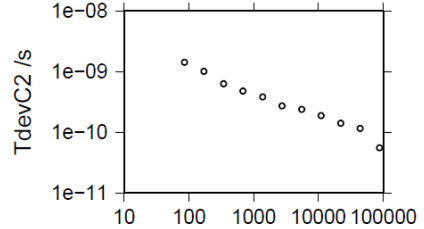
Number of 300s epochs in out file = 1371

Code #pts, median/ns, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 10183 77.145 77.124 1.257  
 C2: 5032 73.292 73.195 1.416  
 P1: 10180 77.195 77.141 1.453  
 P2: 10181 73.170 73.014 1.639

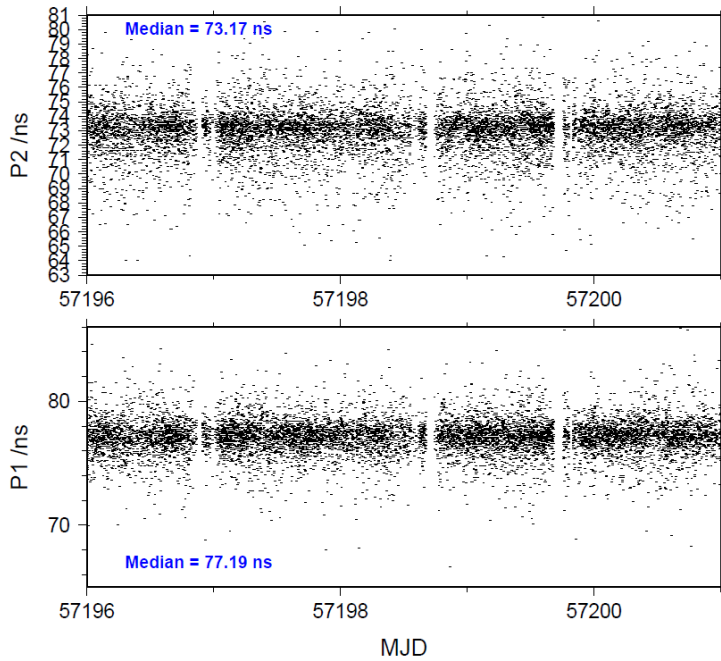
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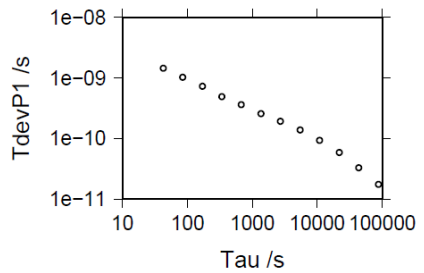
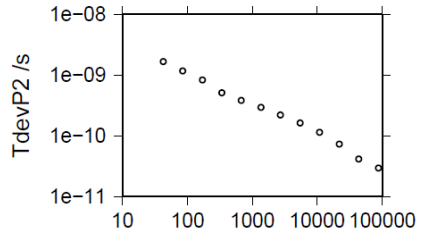
86832 s: C1= 30 ps	87867 s: C2= 56 ps
43416 s: C1= 39 ps	43934 s: C2= 116 ps
21708 s: C1= 75 ps	21967 s: C2= 140 ps
10854 s: C1= 99 ps	10983 s: C2= 187 ps
5427 s: C1= 115 ps	5492 s: C2= 239 ps
2713 s: C1= 183 ps	2746 s: C2= 271 ps
1357 s: C1= 230 ps	1373 s: C2= 384 ps
678 s: C1= 307 ps	686 s: C2= 478 ps
339 s: C1= 414 ps	343 s: C2= 632 ps
170 s: C1= 626 ps	172 s: C2= 1010 ps
85 s: C1= 890 ps	86 s: C2= 1422 ps
42 s: C1= 1261 ps	



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86857 s: P1= 18 ps	86849 s: P2= 30 ps
43429 s: P1= 33 ps	43424 s: P2= 41 ps
21714 s: P1= 59 ps	21712 s: P2= 73 ps
10857 s: P1= 93 ps	10856 s: P2= 115 ps
5429 s: P1= 139 ps	5428 s: P2= 163 ps
2714 s: P1= 194 ps	2714 s: P2= 221 ps
1357 s: P1= 266 ps	1357 s: P2= 293 ps
679 s: P1= 365 ps	679 s: P2= 383 ps
339 s: P1= 493 ps	339 s: P2= 511 ps
170 s: P1= 730 ps	170 s: P2= 834 ps
85 s: P1= 1029 ps	85 s: P2= 1167 ps
42 s: P1= 1455 ps	42 s: P2= 1660 ps



**3.4/ BIPM (15310)**Period

MJD 57332 to 57337

Delays

All measurements at BIPM carried out by L. Tisserand.

Equipment used to measure internal delay of local receiver is a time interval counter (TIC), model SR620, maker Stanford Research Systems, s/n: 4680, with measurement uncertainty typically less than 0.5 ns (using external reference frequency as timebase).

## BP0R:

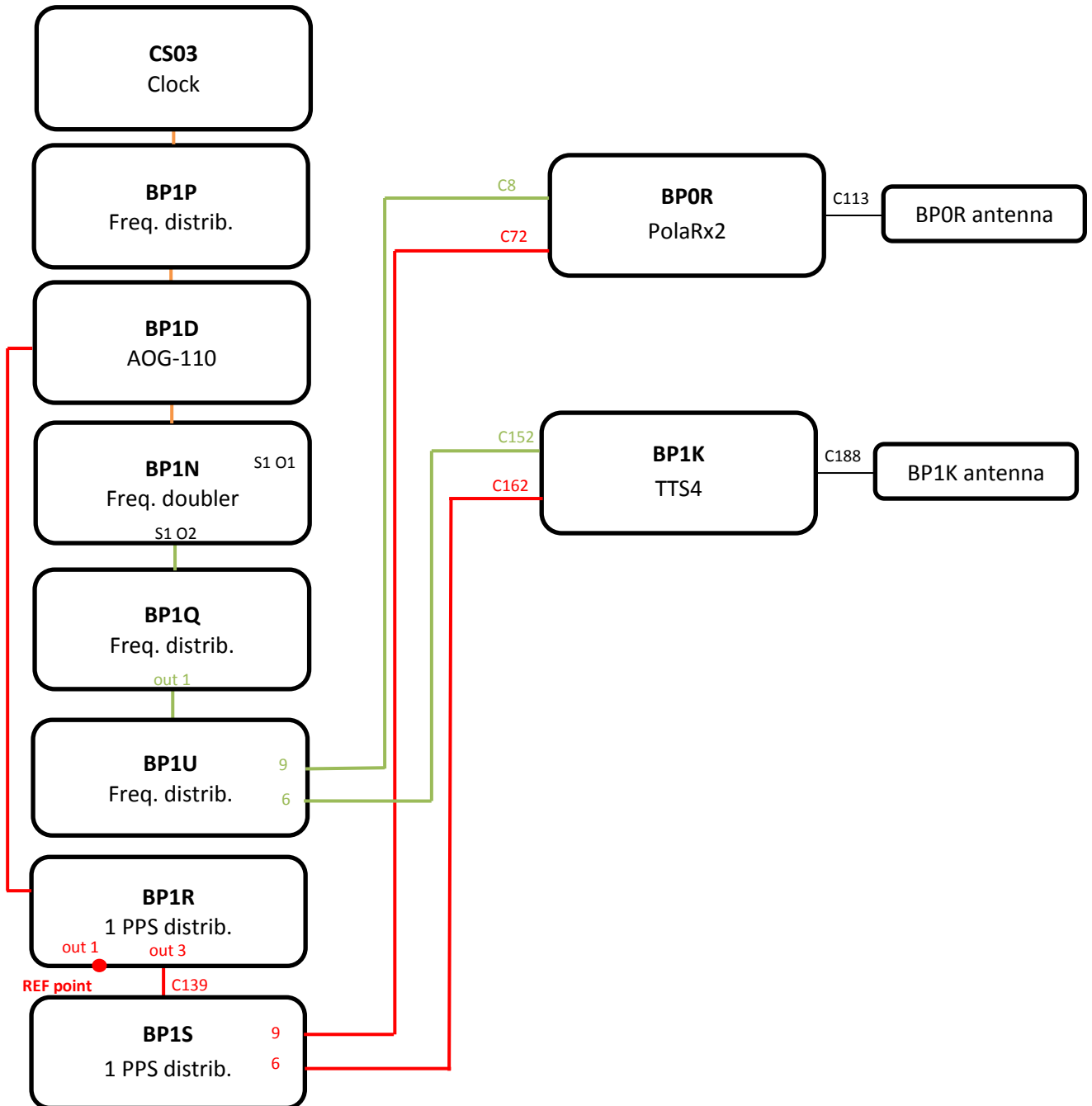
$X_O = 246.1 \text{ ns}$  (286.1-48.7+8.7)  
 $X_P = 42.7 \text{ ns}$  (BP1R+C139+BP1S+C72)  
 REFDLY = 288.8 ns  
 $CABDLY = X_C = 133.4 \text{ ns}$  (C113)

## BP1K:

10 MHz factory calibration = 4.45 ns  
 User frequency to 1 PPS offset (or 1PPS-freq offs)  
     1PPS-freq offs = 28.73 ns  
     1PPS-freq corr = 3.73 ns  
 Total delay = 51.43 ns

$X_O = 3.73 \text{ ns}$   
 $X_P = 47.7 \text{ ns}$  (BP1R+C139+BP1S+C162)  
 REFDLY = 51.43 ns  
 $CABDLY = X_C = 142.01 \text{ ns}$  (C188)

Setup at the BIPM



BP1K-BP0R

## COMPUTATION OF BASELINE

Number of codes to fit baseline and biases = 113387  
 Computed code bias (P1/P2)/m = -4.476 -5.940  
 Computed baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.356 -0.313 1.352  
 RMS of residuals /m = 0.725

Number of phase differences to fit baseline = 110043  
 A priori baseline (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.356 -0.313 1.352  
 17120 clock jitters computed out of 17120 intervals  
 AVE jitter /ps = 0.5 RMS jitter /ps = 6.0

Iter 1 Large residuals L1= 0  
 Iter 1 Large residuals L2= 1  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.088 0.030 -0.050  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.082 0.046 -0.048  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Iter 2 Large residuals L1= 0  
 Iter 2 Large residuals L2= 1  
 Computed baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.088 0.030 -0.050  
 RMS of residuals L1 /m = 0.005  
 Computed baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -0.082 0.046 -0.048  
 RMS of residuals L2 /m = 0.006

Final baseline L1 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.444 -0.283 1.302  
 Final baseline L2 (X,Y,Z)/m = -1.438 -0.267 1.305

## COMPUTATION OF CODE DIFFERENCES

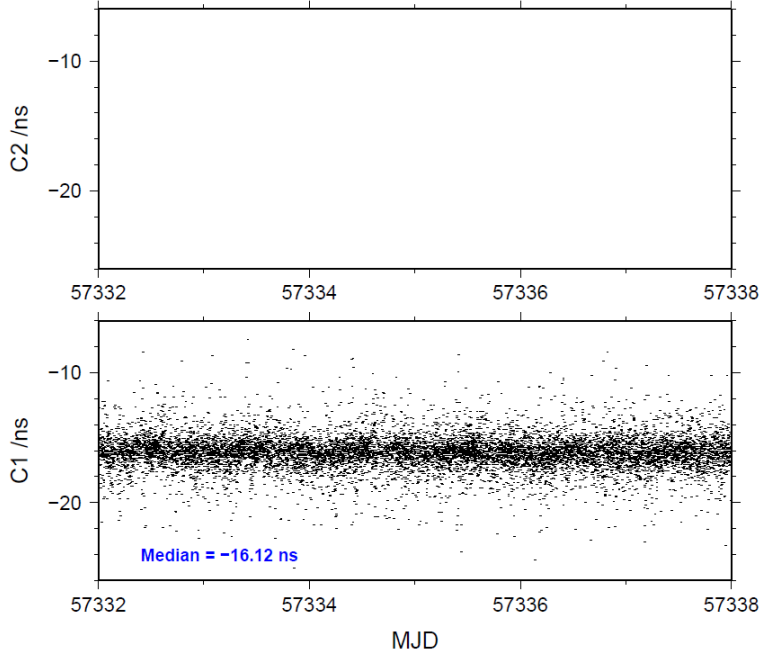
Number of code differences = 116126

Global average of individual differences

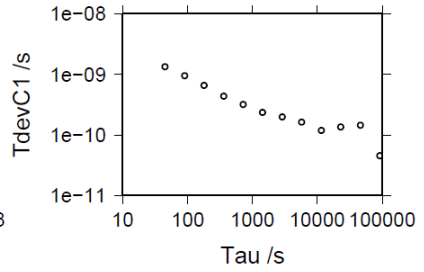
Code #pts, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 115858 -16.195 2.884  
 C2: 0-NaN -NaN  
 P1: 113241 -14.742 3.539  
 P2: 113124 -19.657 3.608

Number of 300s epochs in out file = 1728  
 Code #pts, median/ns, ave/ns, rms/ns  
 C1: 11551 -16.125 -16.142 1.341  
 C2: 0 0.000-NaN -NaN  
 P1: 11318 -14.727 -14.751 1.596  
 P2: 11311 -19.601 -19.658 1.730

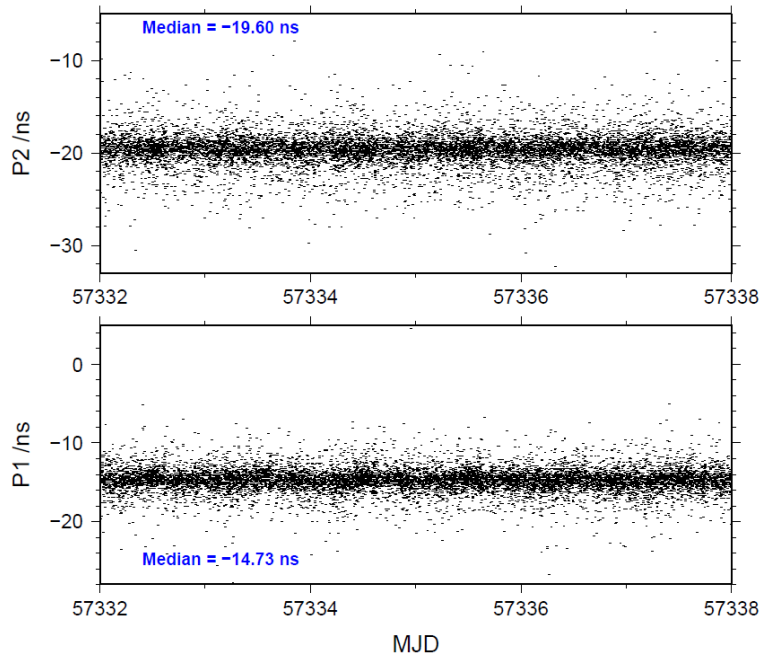
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- 91867 s: C1= 45 ps
- 45934 s: C1= 145 ps
- 22967 s: C1= 136 ps
- 11483 s: C1= 119 ps
- 5742 s: C1= 162 ps
- 2871 s: C1= 198 ps
- 1435 s: C1= 235 ps
- 718 s: C1= 317 ps
- 359 s: C1= 436 ps
- 179 s: C1= 655 ps
- 90 s: C1= 954 ps
- 45 s: C1= 1337 ps



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- 93759 s: P1= 49 ps
- 46879 s: P1= 181 ps
- 23440 s: P1= 175 ps
- 11720 s: P1= 128 ps
- 5860 s: P1= 150 ps
- 2930 s: P1= 201 ps
- 1465 s: P1= 299 ps
- 732 s: P1= 394 ps
- 366 s: P1= 560 ps
- 183 s: P1= 787 ps
- 92 s: P1= 1123 ps
- 46 s: P1= 1575 ps
- 93817 s: P2= 37 ps
- 46908 s: P2= 71 ps
- 23454 s: P2= 84 ps
- 11727 s: P2= 134 ps
- 5864 s: P2= 163 ps
- 2932 s: P2= 229 ps
- 1466 s: P2= 309 ps
- 733 s: P2= 424 ps
- 366 s: P2= 573 ps
- 183 s: P2= 834 ps
- 92 s: P2= 1234 ps
- 46 s: P2= 1754 ps

