Evaluation of the frequency of UTC(NPL) by primary frequency standard NPL-CsF2

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The primary frequency standard NPL-CsF2 was used to measure the frequency of a hydrogen maser, HM6, during an evaluation period in August and September 2023. The output of this maser is linked to UTC(NPL) by a time interval logger, enabling us to obtain measurements of the mean frequency of UTC(NPL) over the reported period. The mean frequency of the maser was determined by fitting to the data a function consisting of linear drift terms and steps corresponding to any applied frequency steers.

For the entirety of the measurement period the local oscillator used for the synthesis of the interrogated microwave signal was referenced to a quartz oscillator that was phase locked to the maser output signal. No changes to NPL-CsF2 or its associated operating protocols have been introduced since the evaluation report accompanying circular-T 394 (October 2020). A breakdown of the systematic uncertainties from this report is reproduced in Table 1. The procedure for determining the frequency of UTC(NPL) from maser measurements, together with the corresponding contribution to the $u_{A/lab}$ and $u_{B/lab}$ uncertainties, was described in the report accompanying circular-T 399 (March 2021).

| | uncertainty / 10 ⁻¹⁶ | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Second order Zeeman | 0.8 | |
| Blackbody radiation | 1.0 | |
| AC Stark (lasers) | 0.1 | |
| Microwave spectrum | 0.1 | |
| Gravity | 0.5 | |
| Cold collisions | 0.4^{\dagger} | |
| Background gas collisions | 0.3 | |
| Rabi, Ramsey pulling | 0.1 | |
| Cavity phase (distributed) | 1.0 | |
| Cavity phase (dynamic) | 0.1 | |
| Cavity pulling | 0.6 | |
| Microwave leakage | 0.6 | |
| Microwave lensing | 0.3 | |
| 2 nd -order Doppler | 0.1 | |
| Total u _B (1σ) | 2.0 | |

Table 1: Results of the most recent accuracy evaluation of NPL-CsF2.

[†] The value presented here is exemplary. Specific values for the given measurement periods have been computed and included in the measurement results.

Measurement results

Results of the frequency measurements are listed in Table 2 below. Frequency biases are given for information only and represent the mean values of the biases over the measurement intervals. The listed fractional frequency differences y(CsF2-UTC(NPL)) are values corrected for these biases. The total uncertainty u_{total} is defined as:

$$(u_{\text{total}})^2 = (u_{\text{A}})^2 + (u_{\text{B}})^2 + (u_{\text{A/lab}})^2 + (u_{\text{B/lab}})^2$$

| | | 28 Aug 2023 |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | _ |
| | | 27 Sep 2023 |
| Period start | MJD | 60184 |
| Period end | MJD | 60214 |
| Duration | days | 30 |
| Measurement uptime | % | 95.7 |
| Biases: | $\times 10^{-15}$ | |
| cold collisions | | -0.45^{\dagger} |
| 2 nd order Zeeman | | 247.71 |
| BBR shift | | -16.32 |
| gravity | | 1.30 |
| microwave lensing | | 0.06 |
| DCP | | 0.02 |
| y(CsF2-UTC(NPL)) | × 10 ⁻¹⁵ | 0.71 |
| $u_{\rm A}$ | $\times 10^{-15}$ | 0.21 |
| u_{B} | × 10 ⁻¹⁵ | 0.21 |
| <i>U</i> A/lab | × 10 ⁻¹⁵ | 0.04 |
| UB/lab | × 10 ⁻¹⁵ | 0.03 |
| U total | × 10 ⁻¹⁵ | 0.30 |

Table 2: Results of the evaluation of the frequency of UTC(NPL) by primary frequency standard NPL-CsF2.

[†] This is the average bias subtracted from the data, including both high- and low-density measurements. The systematic uncertainty introduced by this bias was 0.08×10^{-15} .