

BUREAU INTERNATIONAL DES POIDS ET MESURES

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Circular T (2002 September 16)
Circulaire T

1 - Coordinated Universal Time UTC. Computed values of $[UTC-UTC(k)]$.

(From 1999 January 1, 0h UTC, $TAI-UTC = 32$ s)

| Date 2002 MJD | 0h UTC | Jul 29 52484 | Aug 3 52489 | Aug 8 52494 | Aug 13 52499 |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Laboratory <i>k</i> | | $[UTC-UTC(k)]/ns$ | | | |
| AOS (Borowiec) | | -175 | -148 | -125 | -104 |
| AUS (Sydney) | | -96 | -117 | -126 | -114 |
| BEV (Wien) | | 21 | 25 | 26 | 34 |
| BIRM (Beijing) | | 464 | - | 490 | 505 |
| CAO (Cagliari) | | -3604 | -3634 | -3666 | -3703 |
| CH (Bern) | | 30 | 23 | 23 | 20 |
| CNM (Queretaro) | | 124 | 125 | 136 | 129 |
| CRL (Tokyo) | | 6 | 2 | 2 | -9 |
| CSIR (Pretoria) | | - | - | - | - |
| DLR (Oberpfaffenhofen) | | - | - | - | - |
| DTAG (Darmstadt) | | 25 | 32 | 27 | 43 |
| IEN (Torino) | | 77 | 74 | 69 | 62 |
| IFAG (Wetzell) | | -1562 | -1551 | -1538 | -1554 |
| IGMA (Buenos Aires) | | 15 | -15 | -12 | 0 |
| INPL (Jerusalem) | | -4872 | -4923 | -4976 | -5032 |
| IPQ (Monte de Caparica) | | - | - | - | - |
| JATC (Lintong) | | -10421 | -10460 | -10509 | -10554 |
| KRIS (Taejon) | | -41 | -60 | -77 | -68 |
| LDS (Leeds) | | 1983 | 2001 | 2022 | 2040 |
| LT (Vilnius) | | -254 | -256 | -252 | -277 |
| MSL (Lower Hutt) | | 445 | 463 | 476 | 495 |
| NAO (Mizusawa) | | 80 | 69 | 79 | 83 |
| NIM (Beijing) | | -2619 | -2620 | -2631 | -2619 |
| NIMT (Bangkok) | | 52 | 35 | 30 | 19 |
| NIST (Boulder) | | -7 | -11 | -10 | -13 |
| NMC (Sofiya) | | -1910 | -1945 | -1987 | -2014 |
| NMIJ (Tsukuba) | | -278 | -288 | -285 | -289 |
| NMLS (Shah Alam) | | 10 | -13 | -30 | -55 |
| NPL (Teddington) | | -11 | -8 | -5 | -3 |
| NPLI (New-Delhi) | | 1538 | 1583 | 1627 | 1674 |
| NRC (Ottawa) | | -17 | -16 | -19 | -20 |
| NTSC (Lintong) | | 19 | 28 | 27 | 31 |
| OMH (Budapest) | | 7081 | 7090 | 7126 | 7142 |
| ONBA (Buenos Aires) | | - | - | -511 | -660 |
| ONRJ (Rio de Janeiro) | | 4819 | 4817 | 4827 | 4840 |
| OP (Paris) | | 43 | 43 | 38 | 33 |
| ORB (Bruxelles) | | -83 | -92 | -94 | -96 |
| PL (Warszawa) | | -23 | -31 | -35 | -40 |
| PTB (Braunschweig) | | 9 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| ROA (San Fernando) (1) | | 42 | 42 | 45 | 28 |
| SCL (Hong Kong) | | 9 | 12 | 8 | 8 |
| SG (Singapore) | | -7 | -4 | -6 | -9 |
| SMU (Bratislava) | | -6550 | -6594 | -6617 | -6651 |
| SP (Boras) | | 477 | 454 | 431 | 394 |
| SU (Moskva) | | 26 | 23 | 26 | 30 |
| TL (Chung-Li) | | -57 | -56 | -56 | -67 |
| TP (Praha) | | 28 | 25 | 33 | 38 |
| UME (Gebze-Kocaeli) | | -639 | -634 | -633 | -630 |
| USNO (Washington DC) (USNO MC) | | -5 | -4 | -3 | -3 |
| VSL (Delft) | | -7 | -8 | -5 | -4 |

1 - Coordinated Universal Time UTC. (Cont.)

| Date 2002 | 0h UTC | Aug 18 | Aug 23 | Aug 28 |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| MJD | | 52504 | 52509 | 52514 |
| Laboratory k | | | [UTC-UTC(k)]/ns | |
| AOS | (Borowiec) | -91 | -74 | -52 |
| AUS | (Sydney) | -105 | -101 | -104 |
| BEV | (Wien) | 38 | 37 | 41 |
| BIRM | (Beijing) | 519 | 525 | 539 |
| CAO | (Cagliari) | -3733 | -3767 | - |
| CH | (Bern) | 16 | 16 | 14 |
| CNM | (Queretaro) | 133 | 141 | 148 |
| CRL | (Tokyo) | -17 | -22 | -25 |
| CSIR | (Pretoria) | - | - | - |
| DLR | (Oberpfaffenhofen) | - | - | - |
| DTAG | (Darmstadt) | 35 | 17 | 12 |
| IEN | (Torino) | 56 | 58 | 61 |
| IFAG | (Wetzell) | -1545 | -1544 | -1528 |
| IGMA | (Buenos Aires) | 1 | -11 | -23 |
| INPL | (Jerusalem) | -5087 | -5146 | -5204 |
| IPQ | (Monte de Caparica) | - | - | - |
| JATC | (Lintong) | -10603 | -10654 | -10693 |
| KRIS | (Taejon) | -67 | -73 | -73 |
| LDS | (Leeds) | 2067 | 2081 | 2106 |
| LT | (Vilnius) | -279 | -269 | -260 |
| MSL | (Lower Hutt) | 517 | 519 | 501 |
| NAO | (Mizusawa) | 79 | 78 | 71 |
| NIM | (Beijing) | -2629 | -2616 | -2626 |
| NIMT | (Bangkok) | 11 | -10 | -25 |
| NIST | (Boulder) | -10 | -6 | -3 |
| NMC | (Sofiya) | -2028 | -2061 | -2076 |
| NMIJ | (Tsukuba) | -293 | -368 | -391 |
| NMLS | (Shah Alam) | -86 | -48 | 26 |
| NPL | (Teddington) | -1 | -1 | -2 |
| NPLI | (New-Delhi) | 1724 | 1765 | 1811 |
| NRC | (Ottawa) | -25 | -23 | -19 |
| NTSC | (Lintong) | 33 | 27 | 21 |
| OMH | (Budapest) | 7181 | 7187 | 7204 |
| ONBA | (Buenos Aires) | -737 | -732 | -666 |
| ONRJ | (Rio de Janeiro) | 4845 | 4861 | 4875 |
| OP | (Paris) | 32 | 30 | 28 |
| ORB | (Bruxelles) | -101 | -100 | -99 |
| PL | (Warszawa) | -43 | -50 | -52 |
| PTB | (Braunschweig) | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| ROA | (San Fernando) | 26 | 18 | 18 |
| SCL | (Hong Kong) | 2 | -9 | -13 |
| SG | (Singapore) | -16 | -18 | -25 |
| SMU | (Bratislava) | -6671 | -6688 | -6705 |
| SP | (Boras) | 366 | 335 | 308 |
| SU | (Moskva) | 30 | 31 | 27 |
| TL | (Chung-Li) | -75 | -80 | -83 |
| TP | (Praha) | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| UME | (Gebze-Kocaeli) | -633 | -645 | -652 |
| USNO | (Washington DC)(USNO MC) | -5 | -4 | -4 |
| VSL | (Delft) | -10 | -15 | -21 |

2 - International Atomic Time TAI and local atomic time scales $TA(k)$.

The following table gives the computed values of $[TAI-TA(k)]$.

| Date 2002 | 0h UTC | Jul 29 | Aug 3 | Aug 8 | Aug 13 |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| MJD | | 52484 | 52489 | 52494 | 52499 |
| Laboratory k | | $[TAI-TA(k)]/ns$ | | | |
| AUS | (Sydney) | -116253 | -116359 | -116427 | -116504 |
| CH | (Bern) | 22122 | 22302 | 22489 | 22674 |
| CRL | (Tokyo) | 161095 | 161293 | 161493 | 161693 |
| F | (Paris) | 167961 | 167988 | 168014 | 168042 |
| IEN | (Torino) | 20360 | 20481 | 20599 | 20713 |
| JATC | (Lintong) | -23962 | -24054 | -24151 | -24244 |
| KRIS | (Taejon) | 6081 | 6077 | 6064 | 6060 |
| NIST | (Boulder) | -45237900 | -45238105 | -45238305 | -45238510 |
| NRC | (Ottawa) | 28232 | 28237 | 28239 | 28243 |
| NTSC | (Lintong) | -138 | -132 | -131 | -125 |
| PL | (Warszawa) | -826 | -830 | -832 | -842 |
| PTB | (Braunschweig) | -359785 | -359781 | -359776 | -359773 |
| SU | (Moskva) (2) | 27241026 | 27241023 | 27241026 | 27241030 |
| USNO | (Washington DC) | -34891023 | -34891334 | -34891644 | -34891954 |

| Date 2002 | 0h UTC | Aug 18 | Aug 23 | Aug 28 |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| MJD | | 52504 | 52509 | 52514 |
| Laboratory k | | $[TAI-TA(k)]/ns$ | | |
| AUS | (Sydney) | -116590 | -116681 | -116762 |
| CH | (Bern) | 22853 | 23035 | 23216 |
| CRL | (Tokyo) | 161896 | 162093 | 162290 |
| F | (Paris) | 168071 | 168096 | 168124 |
| IEN | (Torino) | 20826 | 20947 | 21063 |
| JATC | (Lintong) | -24347 | -24447 | -24543 |
| KRIS | (Taejon) | 6057 | 6053 | 6050 |
| NIST | (Boulder) | -45238710 | -45238911 | -45239113 |
| NRC | (Ottawa) | 28241 | 28248 | 28257 |
| NTSC | (Lintong) | -127 | -130 | -127 |
| PL | (Warszawa) | -849 | -853 | -853 |
| PTB | (Braunschweig) | -359771 | -359767 | -359759 |
| SU | (Moskva) (2) | 27241030 | 27241031 | 27241027 |
| USNO | (Washington DC) | -34892267 | -34892576 | -34892886 |

3 - Notes on sections 1 and 2.

(1) ROA . Change of master clock on MJD = 52484.41

(2) SU . Listed values are $TAI-TA(SU)$ - 2.80 seconds.

4 - Difference between the normalized frequencies of EAL and TAI.

| Interval of validity | | $f(EAL) - f(TAI)$ |
|--|-------------|-------------------------|
| 2002 Jul. 29 - 2002 Sep. 27 | 52484-52544 | 7.010×10^{-13} |
| New steering correction foreseen for October and November 2002 | | |
| 2002 Sep. 27 - 2002 Nov. 26 | 52544-52604 | 7.000×10^{-13} |

5 - Duration of the TAI scale interval.

TAI is a realization of coordinate time TT. The following tables give the fractional deviation d of the scale interval of TAI from that of TT (the SI second on the geoid), i.e. the fractional frequency deviation of TAI with the opposite sign: $d = -y_{TAI}$. In this section, a frequency over a time interval is defined as the ratio of the end-point phase difference to the duration of the interval. Whenever needed, the instability of EAL should be expressed as the quadratic sum of three components:
 a white frequency noise $6.0 \times 10^{-15} / \sqrt{\tau}$,
 a flicker frequency noise 0.6×10^{-15} ,
 a random walk frequency noise $1.6 \times 10^{-16} \times \sqrt{\tau}$,
 with τ in days. The relation between EAL and TAI is given in *Circular T* and the *Annual Report of the BIPM Time Section*.

In the first table, d is obtained, on the given periods of estimation by comparison of the TAI frequency with that of the given individual primary standards (PFS). In this table
 u_B is the combined uncertainty from systematic effects,
 Ref(u_B) is a reference giving information on the stated value of u_B or is the Circular T where this reference was first given,
 u_A is the uncertainty originating in the instability of the PFS,
 $u_{1/1ab}$ is the uncertainty in the link between the PFS and the clock participating to TAI,
 $u_{1/TAI}$ is the uncertainty in the link to TAI,
 u is the quadratic sum of all four uncertainty values.

| Standard | Period of estimation | $10^{15}d$ | $10^{15}u_B$ | Ref(u_B) | $10^{15}u_A$ | $10^{15}u_{1/1ab}$ | $10^{15}u_{1/TAI}$ | Notes | $10^{15}u$ |
|----------|----------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|------------|
| PTB CS1 | 52484-52514 | -0.4 | 8. | T148 | 5. | 0. | 1. | (1) | 9. |
| PTB CS2 | 52484-52514 | 6.9 | 12. | T148 | 3. | 0. | 1. | (1) | 12. |

Notes:

(1) Continuously operating as a clock participating to TAI

The second table gives the BIPM estimate of d , based on measurements of CRL-01, LPTF-JPO, NIST-F1, PTB CS1, PTB CS2, PTBCSF1 over the period MJD 52124-52514, taking into account their individual uncertainties and characterizing the instability of EAL as noted above. u is the computed standard uncertainty of d .

| Period of estimation | d | u |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 52484-52514 | $+8.7 \times 10^{-15}$ | 2.5×10^{-15} |

6 - [UTC-GPS time] and [TAI-GPS time].

$$[\text{UTC-GPS time}] = -13 \text{ s} + C_0, \quad [\text{TAI-GPS time}] = 19 \text{ s} + C_0.$$

Daily values of C_0 are given in the following table. They are obtained as follows: the GPS data taken at the Paris Observatory, for highest elevation, are first corrected for precise satellite ephemerides and for measured ionospheric delays, and then smoothed to obtain daily values of [UTC(OP)-GPS time] at 0h UTC; daily values of C_0 are derived from them using linear interpolation of [UTC-UTC(OP)]. The global uncertainty of daily C_0 values is of order 10 ns.

In the following table, the standard deviation σ characterizes the dispersion of individual measurements, and N is the number of measurements used on a given day for estimation of the corresponding daily C_0 value.

Note: The value for MJD = 52483 has been corrected from *Circular T 175*.

| Date 2002 0h UTC | MJD | C_0/ns | σ/ns | $(\sigma/\sqrt{N})/\text{ns}$ |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Ju1 28 | 52483 | -13 | 3 | 1 |
| Ju1 29 | 52484 | -9 | 3 | 0 |
| Ju1 30 | 52485 | -10 | 3 | 0 |
| Ju1 31 | 52486 | -10 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 1 | 52487 | -7 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 2 | 52488 | -9 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 3 | 52489 | -12 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 4 | 52490 | -13 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 5 | 52491 | -12 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 6 | 52492 | -14 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 7 | 52493 | -16 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 8 | 52494 | -17 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 9 | 52495 | -14 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 10 | 52496 | -12 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 11 | 52497 | -12 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 12 | 52498 | -9 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 13 | 52499 | -7 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 14 | 52500 | -7 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 15 | 52501 | -4 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 16 | 52502 | -3 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 17 | 52503 | -3 | 3 | 1 |
| Aug 18 | 52504 | -6 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 19 | 52505 | -10 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 20 | 52506 | -12 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 21 | 52507 | -11 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 22 | 52508 | -12 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 23 | 52509 | -9 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 24 | 52510 | -7 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 25 | 52511 | -5 | 3 | 1 |
| Aug 26 | 52512 | -2 | 4 | 1 |
| Aug 27 | 52513 | -5 | 3 | 0 |
| Aug 28 | 52514 | -8 | 3 | 1 |

7 - [UTC-GLONASS time] and [TAI-GLONASS time].

$$[\text{UTC-GLONASS time}] = 0 \text{ s} + C_1, \quad [\text{TAI-GLONASS time}] = +32 \text{ s} + C_1.$$

Daily values of C_1 are given in the following table. They are obtained as follows: the GLONASS data taken at the NMI Van Swinden Laboratorium, Delft, The Netherlands, for highest elevation, are smoothed to obtain daily values of [UTC(VSL)-GLONASS time] at 0h UTC; daily values of C_1 are then derived from them using linear interpolation of [UTC-UTC(VSL)]. The global uncertainty of daily C_1 values is of order several hundreds of nanoseconds.

In the following table, the standard deviation σ characterizes the dispersion of individual measurements, and N is the number of measurements used on a given day for estimation of the corresponding daily C_1 value.

| Date 2002 0h UTC | MJD | C_1/ns | σ/ns | $(\sigma/\sqrt{N})/\text{ns}$ |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Ju1 29 | 52484 | -345 | 2 | 1 |
| Ju1 30 | 52485 | -371 | - | - |
| Ju1 31 | 52486 | -368 | - | - |
| Aug 1 | 52487 | -366 | 24 | 4 |
| Aug 2 | 52488 | -356 | 25 | 5 |
| Aug 3 | 52489 | -377 | 19 | 5 |
| Aug 4 | 52490 | -373 | 19 | 5 |
| Aug 5 | 52491 | -350 | 35 | 16 |
| Aug 6 | 52492 | -323 | 12 | 5 |
| Aug 7 | 52493 | -366 | - | - |
| Aug 8 | 52494 | -444 | - | - |
| Aug 9 | 52495 | -419 | 6 | 4 |
| Aug 10 | 52496 | -333 | - | - |
| Aug 11 | 52497 | -289 | - | - |
| Aug 12 | 52498 | -310 | - | - |
| Aug 13 | 52499 | -354 | - | - |
| Aug 14 | 52500 | -388 | - | - |
| Aug 15 | 52501 | -416 | 3 | 2 |
| Aug 16 | 52502 | -399 | - | - |
| Aug 17 | 52503 | -401 | 8 | 5 |
| Aug 18 | 52504 | -446 | - | - |
| Aug 19 | 52505 | -460 | - | - |
| Aug 20 | 52506 | -437 | 33 | 13 |
| Aug 21 | 52507 | -372 | - | - |
| Aug 22 | 52508 | -335 | 57 | 40 |
| Aug 23 | 52509 | -370 | - | - |
| Aug 24 | 52510 | -402 | - | - |
| Aug 25 | 52511 | -385 | 23 | 11 |
| Aug 26 | 52512 | -374 | - | - |
| Aug 27 | 52513 | -398 | 17 | 10 |
| Aug 28 | 52514 | -418 | 32 | 16 |