

# Frequency evaluation of UTC(NMIJ) by NMIJ-Yb1 for the period MJD 58754 to MJD 58779

The secondary frequency standard NMIJ-Yb1 has been compared to UTC(NMIJ), during a measurement campaign between MJD 58754 and MJD 58779 ( $28^{th}$  September  $2019 - 23^{rd}$  October 2019). The Yb optical lattice clock operation covers 90.1 % of the total measurement period.

## 1. Results

Period (MJD)	y(UTC(NMIJ) – NMIJ-Yb1)	Total <i>u</i> A	Total u <sub>B</sub>	U <sub>A/Lab</sub>	UB/Lab	<b>U</b> SecRep	Uptime (%)
58754 - 58779	10.6	0.07	4.01	2.0	2.2	5	90.1

Table 1. (a) Results of the comparison in  $1 \times 10^{-16}$ 

## (b) Budget of uncertainties in $1 \times 10^{-16}$

<i>u</i> <sub>A</sub> : Type A uncertainty						
Yb statistics	0.07					
Total	0.07					
<i>u</i> <sub>B :</sub> Type B uncertainty						
Yb systematics	3.97					
Gravitational	0.6					
Total	4.01					
<i>u</i> <sub>A/Lab</sub> : Type A uncertainty						
Dead time in UTC(NMIJ) – Yb	2.0					
Total	2.0					
<i>u</i> <sub>B/Lab</sub> : Type B uncertainty						
Microwave frequency synthesis	2.2					
Total	2.2					

The calibration is made using the most recently recommended value for the  $6s^2 {}^1S_0 - 6s6p {}^3P_0$  unperturbed optical transition in the <sup>171</sup>Yb neutral atom: 518 295 836 590 863.6 Hz [1].  $u_{\text{SecRep}}$  is the recommended uncertainty of the secondary representation [1].





### 2. Systematic effects and uncertainties

Effect	Shift	Uncertainty
Lattice light	3.4	33.1
Blackbody radiation	-263.8	20.8
Density	-8.3	6.4
Second order Zeeman	-5.2	0.3
Probe light	0.4	0.2
Servo error	-4.7	1.1
AOM switching	-	1
Line pulling	-	1
Total	-278.3	39.7
Gravitational redshift	229.4	6
Total (with gravitational redshift)	-48.9	40.1

Table 2. Budget of systematic effects and uncertainties for NMIJ-Yb1 [2] in  $1 \times 10^{-17}$ 

#### 3. Frequency comparison

The frequency comparison between NMIJ-Yb1 and UTC(NMIJ) was carried out using an optical frequency comb. The comb was phase locked to UTC(NMIJ). A beat frequency between a laser locked to an ultra-stable cavity and the comb was counted. The frequency of the ultra-stable laser was shifted by an acousto-optic modulator (AOM) and stabilized to the clock transition in <sup>171</sup>Yb atoms trapped in an optical lattice. The frequency of the AOM was then combined with the beat frequency to compute y(UTC(NMIJ) – NMIJ-Yb1).

A Type B  $u_{B/Lab}$  uncertainty arose from microwave frequency synthesis of UTC(NMIJ) which includes frequency multiplication. This uncertainty was estimated by comparisons between two combs with independent setups for the microwave frequency synthesis.

A Type A  $u_{A/Lab}$  uncertainty arose from the dead time in the comparison between NMIJ-Yb1 and UTC(NMIJ). This uncertainty was estimated using a method described in Ref. [3]. For this estimation, we derived a maser noise model from the measured stability of UTC(NMIJ) against NMIJ-Yb1. The model includes a white phase modulation of  $1 \times 10^{-12} / (\tau / s)$ , a white frequency modulation (FM) of  $7 \times 10^{-14} / (\tau / s)^{1/2}$ , a flicker FM of  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ , a random walk FM of  $4 \times 10^{-24}$   $(\tau / s)^{1/2}$ .  $u_{A/Lab}$  also includes the uncertainty of a frequency correction resulting from the dead time when the frequency steering of UTC(NMIJ) is carried out.

The gravitational redshift was calculated with respect to the conventionally adopted reference





potential  $W_0 = 62\ 636\ 856.0\ \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ .

References

[1] "Recommended values of standard frequencies for applications including the practical realization of the metre and secondary representations of the definition of the second," BIPM publication, approved by CCTF June 2017,

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[2] T. Kobayashi, D. Akamatsu, Y. Hisai, T. Tanabe, H. Inaba, T. Suzuyama, F.-L. Hong, K. Hosaka, and M. Yasuda, "Uncertainty Evaluation of an <sup>171</sup>Yb Optical Lattice Clock at NMIJ," IEEE Trans. Ultrason., Ferroelectr., Freq. Control **65**, 2449-2458 (2018).

[3] D.-H. Yu, M. Weiss, and T. E. Parker, "Uncertainty of a frequency comparison with distributed dead time and measurement interval offset," Metrologia **44**, 91-96 (2007).

